Introduction

As a reputable child-serving organization, **Lambton Shores Minor Baseball,** has developed the following Child Protection Standard Procedures to guide all caring adults involved in volunteers with Forest Minor Baseball Association. While every caring adult is valued and unique, we come together in the best interests of children and their families. The safety, rights and well-being of children we serve are at the core of our daily operations. We nurture supportive relationships with children while balancing and encouraging appropriate boundaries.

## Why have Child Protection Standard Procedures?

At the core of our operations is a deep commitment to ensuring all children are protected and safe. Child Protection Standard Procedures are an important component to creating safe environments for children. As a reputable and charitable child-serving organization, the safety, rights and well-being of children served by volunteers with Forest Minor Baseball Association and its services are paramount to the core of our daily operations and our continued public support, and it is imperative that we have transparency and accountability in all of our dealings involving children.

We believe that each caring adult involved in volunteering with Forest Minor Baseball Association plays a key role in the protection of children regardless of their contact with the public. Volunteers as caring adults are the ambassadors of Forest Minor Baseball Association and in all dealings involving children, caring adults must display, and appear to display, behaviour that is consistent with our collective mission.

Maintaining personal boundaries is integral to developing healthy relationships with children and families. Behaviour that presents risk often begins by breaking boundaries with children and teens. To help caring adults understand what is expected, these Standard Procedures include information about the type of behaviour expected, and it provides clear direction to those who either directly observe behaviour of concern, or who learn about behaviour of concern from others.

The intent of the Child Protection Standard Procedures is to guide caring adults in developing healthy relationships with the children involved in activities or programs delivered as part of Forest Minor Baseball Association. By providing caring adults with the guideposts against which they can measure their own behaviour and the behaviour of those around them, caring adults are empowered to identify and address behaviour of concern at an early stage to help better protect children.

Treating Children with Dignity and Maintaining Boundaries

All caring adults are responsible for treating all children with respect and dignity, and for maintaining appropriate boundaries. Caring adults must monitor their own behaviour towards children, and be aware of the behaviour of their colleagues, to ensure that behaviour is appropriate and respectful, and will be perceived as such by others. If at any time you are in doubt about the appropriateness of your own behaviour or the behaviour of others, you should discuss it with your supervisor. Refer to the Reporting Requirements section for further guidance.

**Things to Consider:**

Before engaging in any behaviour or activity with a child, and when considering how your behaviour or the activity may be perceived by the child and by others, you should consider whether:

* The activity you are engaging in with a child is known to, and approved by, your supervisor and/or the parents of the child. All interactions with a child should be transparent.
* The activity or behaviour you are engaging in would raise concerns in the mind of a reasonable observer as to its appropriateness.
* The activity or behaviour is directly and objectively tied to your job function.
* Forest Minor Baseball Association may be detrimentally affected by the activity or behaviour.
* The activity or behaviour may be reasonably regarded as posing a risk to the child.
* The activity or behaviour may contribute to a child’s discomfort.
* The activity or behaviour may appear inappropriate to the organizations, the child’s family, or the public.

In addition, always consider the child’s reaction to any activities, conversations, behaviour, or other interactions, and avoid criticizing, embarrassing, shaming, blaming, or humiliating a child. Do not place inappropriate expectations on a child. Use your instincts as a guide.

Ask yourself: “Whose needs are being met by the activity or behaviour?” The purpose of an activity or behaviour should always be to meet the child’s needs, not the adult’s needs.

**Tip: If the child seems uncomfortable with the activity or behaviour, that is a good indication that the activity and/or behaviour is unwelcome and should stop.** You need to reassess the activity or behaviour and consult with your supervisor before continuing.

General Rules of Behaviour

**Caring adults in Forest Minor Baseball Association must:**

* Treat all children with respect and dignity.
* Establish, respect and maintain appropriate boundaries with all children involved in activities or programs delivered by the organization.
* Always adhere to the organization’s policies and procedures in dealing with children.
* Treat all disclosures, allegations or suspicions of sexual or other unlawful or inappropriate behaviour involving a child seriously – a caring adult must report all disclosures, allegations or suspicions of inappropriate or unlawful behaviour as set forth in these Child Protection Standard Procedures.

**Caring adults in Forest Minor Baseball Association must not:**

* Engage in any sort of physical contact with a child that may make the child or a reasonable observer feel uncomfortable, or that may be seen by a reasonable observer to be violating reasonable boundaries.
* Engage in any communication with a child within or outside of work that may make the child uncomfortable or that may be seen by a reasonable observer to be violating reasonable boundaries.
* Engage in any behaviour that goes against (or appears to go against) the organizations’ mandates, policies, Code of Conduct, or Child Protection Standard Procedures, regardless of whether they are serving the organization at that moment
* Conduct their own investigation into allegations or suspicions of inappropriate behaviour – it is a caring adult’s duty to report the matter to his/her supervisor or child welfare, not to investigate

## Ranges of Inappropriate Behaviour

It is important for all volunteers/caring adults to understand that behaviours, as they relate to the safety and protection of children, fall into a continuum.

On one end of the continuum are those behaviours that are ***unlawful***. Unlawful behaviours are those that are criminal or that breach child welfare or related legislation, and include such things as child abuse, sexual assault, sexual interference, invitation to sexual touching, sexual exploitation, procurement, luring, child pornography offences, corrupting morals, indecent acts, voyeurism, etc.

**Unlawful behaviours need to be reported to the child welfare agency and/or law enforcement for investigation.**

At the other end of the continuum are those behaviours that are inappropriate but are of such a nature that it is believed they can be addressed and corrected through additional training, supervision and monitoring.

Inappropriate behaviour could range from one-time behaviours to multiple instances and could include behaviour that is repeated even after it has been brought to the attention of the employee. It includes such things as telling inappropriate jokes to or in earshot of a child, confiding in a child with personal stories and having unauthorized contact with a child outside of work duties.

**Inappropriate behaviour needs to be brought to the attention of management so it can be followed up formally and internally. Forest Minor Baseball Association will determine if the behaviour is inappropriate and how it will be addressed.**

In the middle of the continuum are those behaviours that may either be unlawful or inappropriate, depending on the overall circumstances. Or, it may be behaviour that is initially seen as behaviour that could be corrected through additional training, supervision and monitoring, but upon following up and learning more information, it is determined the behaviour is more serious and warrants a formal investigation.

For example, one instance of grooming behaviour may initially be seen as inappropriate, but of such a nature that it can be dealt with internally. However, upon following up on the behaviour and learning more about the overall circumstances and any prior inappropriate behaviour, the behaviour may be elevated to something that warrants a report to the child welfare agency. Consider the following example:

*A report is submitted internally about a caring adult exchanging unauthorized emails with a child outside of his/her work duties. The initial information indicates that the emails are of a general nature. After the organization follows up, it learns that some of the emails were sexual in nature, and it learns that the caring adult has exhibited other inappropriate behaviour that had not been reported previously. Each instance of inappropriate behaviour, if considered separately and without context of the other behaviours, might be characterized as something in the nature of “poor judgment” that is capable of correction. However, once all behaviours are considered in context with each other, it may be sufficient to warrant a report being made to the child welfare agency, law enforcement or the licensing body for the individual.*

For the protection of children in our care, all instances of inappropriate behaviour will be followed up on. Behaviours of concern will be reported to the child welfare agency, law enforcement or the licensing body for the individual for further investigation whenever we deem such action to be warranted.

## What Constitutes Inappropriate Behaviour

**Inappropriate behaviour will not be tolerated, especially as it relates to the well-being of the children involved in Forest Minor Baseball Association.** Inappropriate behaviour falls on a continuum, as noted in the section above headed “Ranges of Behaviour.”

Behaviour considered inappropriate is that which may be seen by a reasonable observer to be violating reasonable boundaries, and includes, but is not limited to, the following:

1. Favouring one or more children to the exclusion of others (for example, paying a lot of attention to, giving or sending personalized gifts\*, or allowing privileges that are excessive, unwarranted or inappropriate).

*\*Note: It is not inappropriate behaviour to give a contextually appropriate thank-you card, birthday card, seasonal card, or other nominal gift to the child, where such a gesture would be considered reasonable under the circumstances, provided that all gestures taken together are not excessive in number and that such exchanges are carried out within a work context, in the presence of other adults and with the full knowledge and consent of the organization.*

1. Using a personal cell phone, camera or video to take pictures of a child or youth who has not given consent and whose parents have not given consent. Pictures taken in a work related setting, with prior written consent from the parent/guardian, and in circumstances in which the parent/ guardian and your supervisor is aware that pictures are being taken may be permissible provided the organization has approved the activity in advance and has put procedures in place to ensure the pictures will be stored in a location only accessible to those with a need to access and removed when no longer required for the purpose for which they were taken.
2. Offering or providing rides to a child in your personal vehicle, or in the organization’s vehicle, except when your supervisor is aware of and has approved it and express parental consent has been granted, or in emergency situations. *You must report all rides you give to a child, whether in your own vehicle or in the company vehicle, to your supervisor*.

In addition to the foregoing, the following behaviour is considered serious and may trigger a report to child welfare in addition to any other internal disciplinary procedures:

1. Telling sexual jokes to a child or making comments to a child that are in any way suggestive, explicit or personal.
2. Showing a child material that is sexual in nature, including signs, cartoons, graphic novels, calendars, literature, photographs, and screen savers, displaying or keeping such material in a location where it is reasonably possible that a child may see it, or making such material available to a child
3. Physically or emotionally harming a child
4. Intimidating or threatening a child
5. Making fun of a child

Whether or not a particular behavior or action constitutes inappropriate behaviour will be a matter determined by the organization having regard to all of the circumstances, including past behaviour, and allegations or suspicions related to such behavior.

Reporting Requirements

All caring adults involved in Forest Minor Baseball Association are required to report unlawful behaviour to police/child welfare and inappropriate behaviour or incidents to their supervisor. This requirement applies not only to behaviour or incidents that you personally witness, but also to those that you hear about.

Adults often worry that they may be overreacting and misreading a situation, and this may cause them to minimize concerning behaviour they witness or hear about. There is also a fear of damaging a working relationship by raising a concern about a work colleague. It can be hard to believe that someone you work with or someone you met through your work duties could harm a child, and it can be tempting to downplay a transgression in the hopes it will not be repeated.

Keep in mind that the focus always has to be on the behaviour, not the person. A person’s character or their position in the organization has nothing to do with whether that person’s behaviour is appropriate or inappropriate in a given situation. It cannot be about whether you are “right” or “wrong,” it must be about doing the best you can to identify behaviour of concern so it can be dealt with appropriately.

Categories of incidents that need to be addressed by staff/volunteer under these Child Protection Standard Procedures include the following:

1. **Reports of Unlawful Behaviour from a Child Involving a caring adult involved in Forest Minor Baseball Association or a Third Party.** Disclosures or allegations of unlawful behaviour reported to an employee by a child regarding either:
2. another employee /volunteer of the organization; or
3. someone other than a staff member, volunteer or mentor of the organization (e.g. parent, teacher, babysitter, coach);

must be reported to child welfare and/or police in accordance with the Reporting and Documenting Complaints Policy re: Potentially Unlawful Behaviour.

1. **Unlawful Behaviour Witnessed by a caring adult involved in Forest Minor Baseball Association. Any incident of alleged unlawful behaviour either:**
2. witnessed by a staff member, volunteer or mentor regarding another coach, volunteer or mentor of the organization; or
3. witnessed by an coach, volunteer or mentor regarding someone other than an coach, volunteer or mentor of the organization (e.g. parent);

must be reported to child welfare and/or police. If you do not know the identity of the child, take steps to find out who the child is– depending on the situation, steps may need to be taken to protect that child from additional harm, the child may need to make a statement to police, etc.

*Note: If you are a witness to abuse in progress, it is expected that in addition to reporting what you see, you will also do what you reasonably can to stop or disrupt the interaction. The steps may vary according to what you are witnessing and what personal safety considerations may exist for you and/or the child being abused. If you do not feel you can intervene safely, you should immediately get additional help, whether by calling the police, involving other employees, etc.*

1. **Inappropriate Behaviour Involving a caring adult.** Inappropriate behaviour that is either:
2. reported to the caring adult by a child or third party regarding another staff member, coach, volunteer or mentor of the organization; or
3. witnessed by the staff member, coach, volunteer or mentor and involving another coach, volunteer or mentor;

must be reported to the organization. In addition to reporting, if you witness the inappropriate behaviour you should take steps that can safely be taken to stop or disrupt the interaction, as outlined in #2 above.

1. **Inappropriate Behaviour Involving Third Parties.** Inappropriate behaviour that is either:
2. reported to the staff member, coach, volunteer or mentor by a child or third party regarding a third party; or
3. witnessed by the staff member, coach, volunteer or mentor and involving a third party;

must be reported to the organization. In addition to reporting, if you witness the inappropriate behaviour you should take steps that can safely be taken to stop or disrupt the interaction, as outlined in #2 above.

**IMPORTANT NOTE: If you are not sure whether the issue you have witnessed or heard about involves unlawful behaviour, or inappropriate behaviour, discuss the issue with your supervisor who will guide you through the process. Remember: You have an independent duty to report all unlawful behaviour directly to child welfare.**

## Consequences of Failing to Adhere to these Child Protection Standard Procedures

Depending on the circumstances, failure to adhere to these Child Protection Standard Procedures by a Forest Minor Baseball Association caring adult may result in:

* follow-up by the organization to (1) gather information about what happened and (2) determine what, if any, disciplinary action is required; and/or
* a report to child welfare or law enforcement (or both).

Consequences, disciplinary or corrective actions will be as determined by the **The Forest Minor Baseball Association Board of Directors** and will be based on the nature and severity of the incident, as well as information learned during follow-up, and any past behaviour of concern.

If, in following up on a concern, we believe the behaviour exhibited by an employee, volunteer or a third party may constitute unlawful behavior we will report the behaviour to child welfare and possibly law enforcement.

In addition, in circumstances where multiple behaviours are reported, where inappropriate behaviour is recurring, or where one instance of inappropriate behaviour is of serious concern, the organization may refer the matter to child welfare, law enforcement or the employee’s licensing body for investigation. Failure to adhere to the Code of Conduct to Protect Children by any caring adult will result in follow-up to look into the situation and disciplinary action if necessary. Appropriate consequences/disciplinary actions are to be determined by management, and will be based on the nature and severity of the incident.

I, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ agree to comply with the Child Protection Standard Procedures for **Forest Minor Baseball Association.**

Caring adult’s signature:

Date:

While working as a member of Forest Minor Baseball Association team you are bound to be presented with issues and scenarios that have not been addressed specifically in these Child Protection Standard Procedures, or that you need further guidance on. Should that occur, you are encouraged to contact Kevin Goodhand – kgoodhand@duststopfilters.com (President, Forest Minor Baseball Association) for guidance.